FIELD GUIDE TO EMULSIONS

ERGON

ELEVENTH EDITION

Ergon Asphalt & Emulsions

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Preface

We at Ergon Asphalt & Emulsions hope you will find this handbook useful in your daily efforts in the areas of pavement preservation, maintenance, rehabilitation and construction. It is intended to be a simple guide and a quick reference to asphalt emulsions and their uses.

Asphalt emulsions have been used throughout the world for well over 50 years. In the early days, emulsions served as a solution to the problem of delivering asphalt at a usable temperature to remote locations. It was quickly recognized that the use of water as a carrier for asphalt had other distinct advantages. Emulsions expanded the types of materials that could be used and are much safer than hot or "cutback" products. Mixing asphalt with aggregates was easier, and the water phase carried the bitumen deep into cracks and crevices of a pavement surface that would have otherwise been left vulnerable to the elements.

As we move into the 21st century, the criterion of material selection is rapidly changing. The benefits and flexibility of asphalt emulsion products continue to emerge. A responsible awareness of the roadway construction and maintenance industry's environmental impact, combined with the necessity of a healthy economy, demands we be less wasteful of our natural resources, more conscious of worker and user safety, and that we strive to efficiently manage limited taxpayer dollars.

If you are planning to use an asphalt emulsion product, we encourage you to use this handbook. Consider it an introduction to the vast knowledge and technology available to you from our industry. In the following pages, the many different grades of emulsions and their uses are outlined, storage and handling issues are discussed and you will find various conversion tables as well as other useful information. We hope you find this handbook very helpful, but as always, we encourage you to contact your local sales representative to address your individual needs.



Asphalt Emulsion Defined

What is an asphalt emulsion?

Asphalt emulsion is a combination of three basic ingredients: asphalt, water and a small amount of an emulsifying agent. These components are introduced into a colloid mill that shears the asphalt into very small droplets. The emulsifier, a surface-active agent, keeps the asphalt droplets in a stable suspension. The result is an asphalt-based product with a consistency ranging from that of milk to that of heavy cream, which can be used in cold processes for road construction and maintenance.

Why use asphalt emulsions?

Asphalt emulsion does not require a petroleum solvent to make it liquid, and in most cases, asphalt emulsions can be used without additional heat. Both of these factors contribute to energy savings. Additionally, asphalt emulsions offer great flexibility in their application since they offer the end user a great variety of characteristics not found in other paving and maintenance materials. Asphalt emulsions are environmentally friendly. There are little or no hydrocarbon emissions created with their use.

Are asphalt emulsions new?

Asphalt emulsions were first prepared in the early part of the 20th century, and today, they are used internationally. The use of asphalt emulsions is growing, and 10-20% of all asphalt is used in the form of asphalt emulsions.

How are asphalt emulsions classified?

Asphalt emulsions are classified into three categories: anionic, cationic or nonionic. The anionic and cationic classes refer to the electrical charges surrounding the asphalt particles. The absence of the letter "C" denotes anionic emulsions. Asphalt emulsions are further classified on the basis of how quickly they coalesce; i.e., revert to asphalt cement. The terms RS (Rapid Set), MS (Medium Set), SS (Slow Set), and QS (Quick Set) have been adopted to simplify and standardize this classification. Additionally, trailing numbers are used to delineate the relative viscosity of the emulsion, and the letters "H" and "S" indicate whether hard or soft base asphalt is used to make the asphalt emulsions. Thus, a CSS -1H is a cationic slow-set emulsion with a relatively low asphalt emulsion viscosity made with hard base asphalt.

Do asphalt emulsions have any uses around the home?

Driveway sealers, roofing repair materials, caulks and mastics may contain specially formulated asphalt emulsions.

What chemicals are present in the emulsion?

The main components of the emulsion are asphalt (bitumen) and water. Emulsions typically contain between 55-75% asphalt. In addition to the asphalt and water, asphalt emulsions contain 0.1-2% of an emulsifier, or "soap," which functions to stabilize the emulsion. These soaps are similar in nature to the soaps and detergents used in household cleaning and personal care. The asphalt emulsions may also contain trace amounts of other ingredients such as pH (acidity) regulators and viscosity regulators.

Tell me more about the emulsifying agents.

The most common products are fatty acids and lignins derived from wood; these form soap by reacting with sodium hydroxide. The soaps become negatively charged in water and give "anionic" asphalt emulsions. Another class of emulsifiers, amines, are derived from wood acids (tall oils) or animal fats (tallow). These emulsifiers form soaps that become positively charged in water and give "cationic" asphalt emulsions.

How do they work?

When asphalt emulsion is mixed with or exposed to the aggregates used in roadway applications, the emulsion is destabilized, and the droplets of asphalt fuse together, providing a strong adhesive bond to "glue" the aggregates together. The water evaporates, but the emulsifiers remain in the asphalt where they perform a valuable function in helping the asphalt adhere to the aggregate.

Chip Seal Defined

What is a chip seal?

Chip seals are the most widely used pavement preservation method. They produce an all-weather surface that renews weathered pavements, improves skid resistance, aids in lane demarcation and seals and protects the underlying road surface. While the single surface treatment is the most commonly referenced, there are many types of chip seals, including singles, doubles, triples, sandwich, inverted, racked in, etc. Each has a different construction technique and is chosen for a particular purpose.

How is a chip seal applied?

Potholes are sealed, and any large cracks in the road surface are repaired. Sufficient curing of these repairs is allowed before applying the chip seal. The road surface is then cleaned using a power sweeper or rotary broom. For a conventional treatment like a single course chip seal, an asphalt emulsion is then uniformly spray-applied by an asphalt emulsion distributor, and aggregate (chips) are evenly applied with a self-propelled or truck-attached mechanical spreader. A pneumatic tired roller is then used to embed the aggregate into the asphalt film. After initial cure, excess aggregate is removed by brooming. After the chip seal treatment has cured completely, the surface may be swept again and striping applied.

What types of asphalt emulsions are used for chip seals?

Typical asphalt emulsions used in chip seals are CRS-2, RS-2 and HFRS-2. For higher volume traffic roadways, polymer modified versions of these asphalt emulsions, like CRS-2P and CHFRS-2P, are used. See your state's Product Locations & Applications page for more options.

What are some keys to a successful chip seal surface treatment?

- Coordinate construction to ensure continuous operation
- Use hard, cubical and clean aggregate
- Properly calibrate application equipment
- Maintain traffic control while chip seal application cures

Surfacing Types

What is slurry surfacing?

Slurry surfacing is a thin, cold mixed pavement preservation treatment composed of asphalt emulsion, aggregate, water and mineral filler. There are two basic products, slurry seal and micro surfacing. Slurry seal is typically applied on residential streets, airport roadways, sidewalks and parking lots. Micro surfacing is a premium product based on specially selected aggregates and polymer modified asphalt emulsion. Micro surfacing is designed to be applied in thicker lifts for high-traffic areas requiring heavier application rates and quick return to traffic. Micro surfacing is also used as a rut fill treatment.

How is a slurry seal or micro surfacing applied?

The raw materials are combined in a mobile mix unit. The slurry surfacing is applied to an existing pavement surface by means of a spreader box linked to the mixing unit. The slurry is introduced into the spreader box and is "laid down" as the mixing unit is driven forward.

What type of asphalt emulsion is suitable?

Slurry seal may use a variety of emulsions such as SS-1H or CQS-1H. Micro surfacing always uses a cationic polymer modified emulsion such as CSS-1HP. The emulsion type is selected on the basis of local specifications and through a laboratory mix design process, composed of tests on the compatibility of the aggregate and the emulsion, and on the durability of the cured seals. See your state's Product Locations & Applications page for more options.

Tack Coats & Primes

What is tack coat?

Tack coat (also known as bond coat) is a light application of asphalt emulsion between hot mix asphalt layers designed to create a strong adhesive bond without slippage. Heavier applications may be used under porous layers or around patches where it also functions as a seal coat.

Why use tack coat?

Without a tack coat, the asphalt layers in a roadway may separate, which reduces the structural integrity of the pavement and may allow water to penetrate the structure.

What type of emulsion should be used for tack coats?

The type of emulsion used for tack coats varies from country to country. Normal practice in the USA is to use a slow-setting emulsion that is diluted with water before application. Cationic rapid-setting or specially designed, less tracking emulsions that are applied undiluted are becoming more popular. See your state's Product Locations & Applications page for more options.

Why use prime coat?

Prime coats protect the integrity of the granular base during construction and help reduce dust. In the case of a base that is to be covered with a thin hot mix layer or a chip seal for a low-volume roadway, priming ensures a good bond between the seal and the underlying surface, which otherwise would have a tendency to delaminate.

Why use asphalt emulsion prime?

Compared to cutback asphalt primes, emulsion primes are more environmentally friendly. Solventless prime coats are available in some areas. Check your state's Product Locations & Applications page for availability.

What type of emulsion is most suitable for emulsion prime?

Slow-setting grades of asphalt emulsions (diluted with water before application) are suitable. To ensure good penetration on dense granular or stabilized bases, the surface may need to be scarified and dampened before application of the emulsion. See your state's Product Locations & Applications page for more options.

Emulsion Recycling

How are asphalt emulsions used in recycling applications?

Cold in-place recycling (CIR), hot in-place recycling (HIR) and full depth reclamation (FDR) are three of the most common applications that use asphalt emulsion as the binder that mixes with pulverized and reclaimed pavement to create a new level base course.

What is cold in-place recycling?

Cold in-place recycling is a treatment used to rejuvenate flexible hot mix asphalt roads. Initially, a milling machine processes 2 to 6 inches of the existing surface layer. The milled material is further crushed and compacted into the desired size for the project during the gradation control process. Virgin aggregate can be added during this process if necessary. Afterward, a binding additive is mixed with the graded material, and the resulting mixture is placed over the remaining pavement structure. The recycled mix is then compacted to the specified density.

What is hot in-place recycling?

Hot in-place recycling is a rehabilitation treatment for deteriorated bituminous pavements. HIR is a continuous process that can be completed in a single pass. It works by heating the top 1 to 2 inches of existing asphalt until it is pliable, scarifying the pavement, removing the material and supplementing it with a small amount of new hot mix or binder, then placing the mix over the remaining roadway structure. The recycled material is then compacted using traditional roller operations.

What is full depth reclamation?

By addressing the entire pavement section, full depth reclamation is able to correct delinquent cross sections, increase the load-bearing strength of the base and utilize 100% of the existing materials. Substantial savings can be realized while meeting environmental goals. Equipment for the process includes traveling hammermills, crushing units, stabilizers or a combination of these types of machines. Critical to the success of this process is the preliminary testing to establish design criteria for gradation, residual asphalt content and the possible use of additives. This reconstruction technique requires a wearing surface of a thickness to be determined by an analysis of traffic data.

What is the difference between CIR/HIR and FDR?

Cold in-place recycling pulverizes the existing pavement to a depth of 2 to 6 inches. Hot in-place recycling processes the top 1 to 2 inches of the surface. Full depth reclamation pulverizes to a greater depth than either of these other treatments, reaching below the existing pavement into the underlying material to produce a stabilized base course.

What are the advantages of recycling?

Energy is conserved as the construction is completed in-place/on-grade, and little or no fuel is required for heating. Reflective cracking can be reduced with CIR/HIR and eliminated by FDR. Additionally, the pavement crown and cross slope can be restored, and loss of curb height is reduced or eliminated.

Are there benefits to using asphalt emulsion?

Yes. In fact, there are significant benefits when using asphalt emulsion as the stabilizer, including a faster return to traffic, and the creation of a crack-resistant flexible base, which can help reduce highway maintenance costs. Specifically for FDR, further benefits include less water use and the creation of much less dust. This results in significant environmental impact reduction and greatly increases project safety issues relating to construction workers and the traveling public.

Emulsion Mixes

What is the difference between "dense-graded" and "open-graded" emulsion mixes?

Dense-graded mixtures contain aggregate that has been selected to include fine material and filler; therefore, the compacted mixture has low air voids and is essentially impermeable to water. Open-graded mixtures contain aggregate without the fine fractions, and when compacted, have high voids and are permeable to water. Because of its high fines content, the aggregate in dense-graded mixes is generally more reactive toward asphalt emulsion and demands a slower-setting grade than open-graded mixtures.

Why should I use cold emulsion mix rather than hot mix?

Cold mixes use less energy and produce fewer emissions than hot mixes. Cold mix plants are less expensive to operate, simpler to use and are more mobile than hot mix plants; emulsion mixes also lend themselves to onsite and in-place manufacturing. The ability to stockpile cold mix material for future use leads to less waste and reworking than with hot mix.

How should I select the emulsion for cold mix?

Emulsion selection is on the basis of laboratory mix designs. Mix designs ensure that the emulsion is compatible with the aggregate and that the mixture is durable. Slow-setting emulsions are generally used for dense mixes, and medium- setting emulsions for opengraded mixes. The emulsion formulation can be adjusted, if necessary, to best suit the aggregate and application.

The eSeries

Ergon Asphalt & Emulsions' exclusive eSeries products are designed for use in pavement preservation and maintenance applications to ensure optimal road performance. These products have been tested and proven to provide significant performance improvements over their conventional counterparts. Products include eFog, eFog HP, eFlex, eFlex ES, eScrub, ePatch, ePrime, eTac and *eTac HB.

What is eFog Rejuvenating Fog Seal?

eFog is a rejuvenating fog seal developed to correct more severe distresses than a conventional fog seal – offering extended life cycles for open-graded friction courses, dense-graded hot mix surfaces and aged chip seal surfaces. Its unique polymer modification provides a more dense film thickness for increased durability and resistance to tracking. Its darker color makes striping more visible, increasing driver safety.

What is eFog HP High-Performance Fog Seal?

eFog HP is Ergon's high-performance fog seal emulsion and the sister product of eFog rejuvenating fog seal. This product helps lock down aggregate on newly chip sealed surfaces, prevents raveling and delays aging on densegraded hot mix surfaces. Additionally, eFog HP's trackless and quick-breaking properties facilitate a faster return to traffic following application than a conventional fog seal.

What is eFlex Premium Micro Surfacing?

eFlex premium micro surfacing is significantly tougher than conventional micro surfacing systems due to its

increased level of polymer modification. eFlex provides a higher degree of tolerance to extreme temperatures as well as protection against distress typically seen soon after conventional micro surfacing applications. This includes damage caused by exposure to passenger and utility vehicles, including snowplows. It can be applied using **Type II** and **Type III** aggregate and is suitable for use on all road types.

What is eFlex ES Premium Slurry Seal?

eFlex ES premium slurry seal is designed for residential streets, cul-de-sacs, city arterials and collectors. With increased levels of polymer modification, eFlex ES is significantly tougher than conventional and modified slurry seals. It provides increased durability and resistance to damage caused by exposure to extreme temperatures and passenger and utility vehicles, including snowplows. It can be applied using **Type I, Type II** and **Type III** aggregate.

What is eScrub Rejuvenating Scrub Seal?

eScrub is a rejuvenating scrub seal designed as a mass crack sealer to correct moderate to severely cracked roads. It renews surface friction and increases overall pavement quality. eScrub is a far less costly alternative to traditional remove-and-replace methods, and it can be used as a stress absorbing interlayer as well as the first course of a cape seal.

What is ePatch High-Performance Cold Mix?

ePatch is a high-performance cold mix that offers increased durability over conventional cold mix products. The advanced formulation ensures patches stay fixed longer and require less maintenance. ePatch stays mobile for months, extending stockpile life and allowing continued use over time and projects. ePatch can be produced at a hot mix plant or via a pug mill operation.

What is ePrime Eco-Friendly Prime Coat?

ePrime is an environmentally friendly, solvent-free (no VOCs) prime coat developed to safeguard the road base from moisture during the construction phase, its most vulnerable period. A quick cure allows for same-day paving as opposed to the 3- to 5-day waiting period required after a traditional prime coat application.

What is eTac Trackless Bond Coat?

eTac is a premium bond coat emulsion that is storage stable and provides excellent compatibility between pavement layers, creating a strong, long-lasting bond. eTac's trackless quality makes it an extremely user-friendly bond coat of choice, and it can be applied at normal to high shot rates.

*eTac HB is Ergon A&E's hot-applied trackless asphalt bond coat and sister product of the eTac emulsion. Both products are designed to optimize production and reduce cleanup efforts during and after construction.





Alabama Contact Information

Birmingport

Treatment	Products
Bond Coat/Tack Coat – Trackless	BC-1HT (eTac)
Tack Coat – Conventional	CQS-1HP, CRS-1H
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2, CRS-2H
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2P
Chip Seal – Premium	CRS-2HP
Rejuvenating Scrub Seal	CMS-1PC (eScrub)
Fog Seal – High-Performance	EF-1H
Fog Seal – Rejuvenating	CMS-1PF (eFog)

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Websites

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Arizona Contact Information

Chandler

Treatment	Products
Bond Coat/Tack Coat – Trackless	BC-HT (eTac)
Tack Coat – Conventional	CSS-1H, SS-1H
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2H, CRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2HLM, CRS-2P
Rejuvenating Scrub Seal	CMS-1PC (eScrub)
Cold In-Place Recycling	CIR-EE
Full Depth Reclamation	FDR-EE
Fog Seal – Conventional	CQS-1H, CSS-1H, SS-1H
Fog Seal – Rejuvenating	CMS-1PF (eFog)
Fog Seal – Specialty	PMRE
Micro Surfacing – Conventional	MSE, CQS-1HP
Micro Surfacing – Premium	CSS-1EP (eFlex)
Slurry Seal – Conventional	CQS-1H
Slurry Seal – Modified	LMCQS-1H
Slurry Seal – Premium	CQS-1EP
Prime Coat – Solventless	CPP-1 (ePrime)

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ARKANSAS

Arkansas Contact Information



Little Rock

Treatment	Products
Bond Coat/Tack Coat – Trackless	BC-1HT (eTac)
Tack Coat – Conventional	CSS-1H
Spray Paver Application	PMEM
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2P
Cold Mix – Premium	RM-90 (ePatch)
Slurry Seal – Conventional	CQS-1H
Prime Coat – Conventional	CPP-1
Prime Coat – Solventless	CPP-1 (ePrime)

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CALIFORNIA

California Contact Information



Fontana

Treatment	Products
Tack Coat – Conventional	SS-1H
Spray Paver Application	BWC, PMEM
Chip Seal – Modified	LMCRS-2H, PMCRS-2H
Rejuvenating Scrub Seal	CMS-1PC (eScrub), PMRE
Cold In-Place Recycling	CIR-EE
Full Depth Reclamation	FDR-EE
Fog Seal – Conventional	CQS-1H, SS-1H
Fog Seal – Rejuvenating	CMS-1PF (eFog), PMRE QB
Fog Seal – Specialty	PMCQS-1H
Micro Surfacing – Conventional	MSE, CSS-1HP
Slurry Seal – Conventional	CQS-1H
Slurry Seal – Modified	PMCQS-1H
Prime Coat – Solventless	CPP-1 (ePrime)

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Florida Contact Information



Tampa

Treatment	Products
Bond Coat/Tack Coat – Trackless	BC-HT (eTac)
Tack Coat – Conventional	CSS-1
Spray Paver Application	PET
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2P
Rejuvenating Scrub Seal	CMS-1PC (eScrub)
Fog Seal – Rejuvenating	CMS-1PF (eFog)
Micro Surfacing – Conventional	CSS-1HP
Micro Surfacing – Premium	CSS-1EP (eFlex)
Slurry Seal – Conventional	CQS-1H
Slurry Seal – Premium	CQS-1EP (eFlex ES)
Cold Mix – Premium	RM-90 (ePatch)
Prime Coat – Solventless	CPP-1 (ePrime)

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GEORGIA

Georgia Contact Information

Garden City

Treatment	Products
Bond Coat/Tack Coat – Trackless	BC-HT (eTac), CRS-1HBC
Tack Coat – Conventional	CSS-1H, CRS-1H, SS-1H
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2P, CRS-2L
Rejuvenating Scrub Seal	CMS-1PC (eScrub)
Full Depth Reclamation	FDR-EE, SS-1H
Fog Seal – Conventional	CMS-1P
Fog Seal – High-Performance	CHPF-1 (eFog HP)
Fog Seal – Rejuvenating	CMS-1PF (eFog)
Micro Surfacing – Conventional	CQS-1HP, CSS-1HP
Micro Surfacing – Premium	CSS-1EP (eFlex)
Slurry Seal – Premium	CQS-1EP (eFlex ES)

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Chris Dukes 478-957-9380

Websites

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IDAHO

Idaho Contact Information



Boise

Treatment	Products
Tack Coat – Conventional	CSS-1
Chip Seal – Conventional	HFE-150, CRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	LMCRS-2H, CRS-2P
Chip Seal – Premium	CVRS-2P
Cold Mix – Conventional	HFE-300
Fog Seal – Specialty	Quickseal
Micro Surfacing – Conventional	MSE
Micro Surfacing – Premium	CSS-1EP (eFlex)
Slurry Seal – Conventional	CQS-1H
Slurry Seal – Modified	CQS-1HP
Slurry Seal – Premium	CQS-1EP (eFlex ES)

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KANSAS

Kansas Contact Information

Dodge City

Treatment	Products
Tack Coat – Conventional	SS-1, SS-1H, SS-1HP
Spray Paver Application	EBL, PMCRS-1S
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-1H, CRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-1HM, CRS-1HP, CRS-2P, CRS-2S
Chip Seal – Premium	CHFRS-2P, CRS-2VHL
Rejuvenating Scrub Seal	CMS-1PC (eScrub)
Cold Mix – Conventional	CMS-1, HFMS-1
Cold In-Place Recycling	CMS-1, HFMS-1
Prime Coat – Conventional	AE-P

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Kansas Contact Information

El Dorado

Treatment	Products
Tack Coat – Conventional	SS-1, SS-1H, SS-1HP
Spray Paver Application	PMCRS-1S, EBL
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-1H, RS-1H, CRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-1HM, CRS-1HP, RS-1M, RS-1P, CRS-2P, RS-1HM
Chip Seal – Premium	CHFRS-2P
Rejuvenating Scrub Seal	CMS-1PC (eScrub)
Cold Mix – Conventional	CMS-1, HFMS-1, MS-1
Cold In-Place Recycling	CMS-1, HFMS-1, MS-1
Hot In-Place Recycling	ARA-1P, ARA-2P, ARA
Fog Seal – Specialty	CQS-1F
Prime Coat – Conventional	AE-P

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Kansas Contact Information

Salina

Treatment	Products
Tack Coat – Conventional	CSS-1H
Spray Paver Application	EBL
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-1H
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-1HM, CRS-1HP, CRS-2P
Chip Seal – Premium	CHFRS-2P
Rejuvenating Scrub Seal	CMS-1PC (eScrub)
Cold Mix – Conventional	CMS-1
Cold In-Place Recycling	CMS-1, CSS Special
Fog Seal – Conventional	CQS-1H
Fog Seal – Rejuvenating	CMS-1PF (eFog)
Fog Seal – Specialty	CSS-1HH
Micro Surfacing – Conventional	CSS-1HM
Slurry Seal – Conventional	CQS-1H

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MISSISSIPPI

Mississippi Contact Information



Vicksburg

Treatment	Products
Bond Coat/Tack Coat – Trackless	BC-1HT (eTac)
Tack Coat – Conventional	CSS-1
Spray Paver Application	PET
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2P
Rejuvenating Scrub Seal	CMS-1PC (eScrub)
Fog Seal – High-Performance	CHPF-1 (eFog HP)
Fog Seal – Rejuvenating	CMS-1PF (eFog)
Micro Surfacing – Conventional	CSS-1HP
Micro Surfacing – Premium	CSS-1EP (eFlex)
Slurry Seal – Conventional	CQS-1H
Slurry Seal – Premium	CQS-1EP (eFlex ES)

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MONTANA

Montana Contact Information



Butte

Treatment	Products
Tack Coat – Conventional	CSS-1H
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2P
Chip Seal – Premium	CHFRS-2P
Rejuvenating Scrub Seal	PMRE
Cold In-Place Recycling	CIR-EE
Hot In-Place Recycling	ARA-1P
Full Depth Reclamation	FDR-EE
Fog Seal – Conventional	CSS-1H
Micro Surfacing – Conventional	MSE

Facility Manager: Facility Telephone: Facility Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Mark Davis 208-867-3913 119873 Rick Jones Way Butte, MT 59701

Sean Pellersels 406-876-4000

Websites

ergonasphalt.com savemyroad.com





NEVADA

Nevada Contact Information

Las Vegas

Treatment	Products
Tack Coat – Conventional	CQS-1H, CSS-1
Spray Paver Application	PMEM
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2HP, CRS-2P, LMCRS-2H, PMRE-h
Rejuvenating Scrub Seal	CMS-1PC (eScrub), PMRE
Cold In-Place Recycling	CIR-EE
Full Depth Reclamation	FDR-EE
Fog Seal – Conventional	CQS-1H, CQS-1NV, CSS-1
Fog Seal – Rejuvenating	CMS-1PF (eFog)
Fog Seal – Specialty	CQS-FSR, PMRE
Micro Surfacing – Conventional	MSE
Micro Surfacing – Premium	CSS-1EP (eFlex)
Slurry Seal – Conventional	CQS-1H
Slurry Seal – Modified	LMCQS-1H
Slurry Seal – Premium	CQS-1EP (eFlex ES)
Prime Coat – Solventless	ePrime

Facility Manager: Facility Telephone: Facility Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Sales Office Address: Michael Holst 702-736-2059 3901 West Ponderosa Way Las Vegas, NV 89118

Greg Hunt 702-235-7347 3901 West Ponderosa Way Las Vegas, NV 89118

Websites

ergonasphalt.com savemyroad.com







New Mexico Contact Information



Roswell

Treatment	Products
Tack Coat – Conventional	CSS-1H, SS-1H
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2, HFE-90
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2P, HFE-100P
Rejuvenating Scrub Seal	CMS-1PC (eScrub)
Cold In-Place Recycling	CIR-EE
Hot In-Place Recycling	HFE-300P
Full Depth Reclamation	FDR-EE
Fog Seal – Conventional	CSS-1H, SS-1H
Fog Seal – Rejuvenating	CSS-1P
Fog Seal – Specialty	PMRE
Micro Surfacing – Conventional	MSE
Slurry Seal – Modified	CQS-1H
Prime Coat – Conventional	PEP, AE-P
Prime Coat – Solventless	CPP-1 (ePrime)

Facility Manager: Facility Telephone: Facility Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Sales Office Address: Juan Miranda 575-347-9727 49 East Martin Street Roswell, NM 88203

Ralph Meeks 505-508-9790 49 East Martin Street Roswell, NM 88203

Websites

ergonasphalt.com savemyroad.com









Ardmore

Treatment	Products
Tack Coat – Conventional	SS-1
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2+
Prime Coat – Conventional	AE-P

Facility Manager: Facility Telephone: Facility Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Sales Office Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Sales Office Address: Kelley Smith 580-223-8010 2500 Refinery Road Ardmore, OK 73401

Johnny Roe 405-595-9073 2500 Refinery Road Ardmore, OK 73401

Wendell Nolan 918-408-0845 2500 Refinery Road Ardmore, OK 73401

Websites

ergonasphalt.com savemyroad.com



Catoosa

Treatment	Products
Bond Coat/Tack Coat – Trackless	CBC-1H
Tack Coat – Conventional	SS-1, SS-1H
Spray Paver Application	CRS-1S
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2+, CRS-2P, CRS-2S
Chip Seal – Premium	CHFRS-2P
Rejuvenating Scrub Seal	CMS-1PC (eScrub)
Cold Mix – Premium	RM-90 (ePatch)
Cold In-Place Recycling	CSS Special
Fog Seal – Rejuvenating	CMS-1PF (eFog)
Fog Seal – Specialty	CQS-1F
Prime Coat – Conventional	AE-P

Facility Manager: Facility Telephone: Facility Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Sales Office Address: David Belcher 918-266-7070 5850 Arkansas Road Catoosa, OK 74015

Wendell Nolan 918-408-0845 2500 Refinery Road Ardmore, OK 73401

Websites

ergonasphalt.com savemyroad.com



Lawton

Treatment	Products
Tack Coat – Conventional	SS-1
Spray Paver Application	CRS-1S
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2+, CRS-2P, CRS-2S
Chip Seal – Premium	CHFRS-2P
Rejuvenating Scrub Seal	CMS-1PC (eScrub), CMS-2P (eScrub)
Cold Mix – Premium	ePatch
Fog Seal – Specialty	CQS-1F
Prime Coat – Conventional	AE-P

Facility Manager: Facility Telephone: Facility Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Sales Office Address: Rick Mann 580-536-0098 9301 Southwest Koch Street Lawton, OK 73505

Johnny Roe 405-595-9073 2500 Refinery Road Ardmore, OK 73401

Websites

ergonasphalt.com savemyroad.com

Notes





TENNESSEE

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Columbia

Treatment	Products
Bond Coat/Tack Coat – Trackless	BC-1HT (eTac)
Tack Coat – Conventional	SS-1, SS-1H
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2, RS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2P
Rejuvenating Scrub Seal	CMS-1PC (eScrub)
Cold Mix – Conventional	RM-90 (ePatch)
Fog Seal – High-Performance	CHPF-1 (eFog HP)
Fog Seal – Rejuvenating	CMS-1PF (eFog)
Micro Surfacing – Conventional	CQS-1HP, CQS-1H
Slurry Seal – Conventional	CQS-1H

Facility Manager: Facility Telephone: Facility Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Sales Office Address: Tom Kajitani 931-325-5400 1251 North Main Street Mount Pleasant, TN 38474

Mark Clark 731-549-5692 5445 Highway 412 East Parsons, TN 38363

Websites

ergonasphalt.com savemyroad.com



Memphis

Treatment	Products
Bond Coat/Tack Coat – Trackless	BC-1HT (eTac)
Tack Coat – Conventional	CSS-1H
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2P
Rejuvenating Scrub Seal	CMS-1PC (eScrub)
Hot In-Place Recycling	ARA-3P
Full Depth Reclamation	FDR-EE
Fog Seal – High-Performance	CHPF-1 (eFog HP), EF-1H
Fog Seal – Rejuvenating	CMS-1PF (eFog)
Micro Surfacing – Conventional	CQS-1HP, CQS-1H, CSS-1HP
Slurry Seal – Modified	CQS-1H

Facility Manager: Facility Telephone: Facility Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Sales Office Address: Tim Breeding 901-947-5800 1989 Channel Avenue Memphis, TN 38113

Mark Clark 731-549-5692 5445 Highway 412 East Parsons, TN 38363

Bear Horne 901-619-9229 P.O. Box 1639 Jackson, MS 39215-1639

Gene Arnold 901-277-1700 1989 Channel Avenue Memphis, TN 38113

Darryl Gardner 501-590-3145 601 Shamburger Lane Little Rock, AR 72206

Websites

ergonasphalt.com savemyroad.com



Parsons

Treatment	Products
Tack Coat – Conventional	SS-1
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2, RS-2
Cold Mix – Conventional	AE-3 Modified
Cold Mix – Premium	RM-90 (ePatch)
Prime Coat – Conventional	AE-P

Facility Manager: Facility Telephone: Facility Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Sales Office Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Sales Office Address: Russell Carrington 731-847-6351 5445 Highway 412 East Parsons, TN 38363

Mark Clark 731-549-5692 5445 Highway 412 East Parsons, TN 38363

Gene Arnold 901-277-1700 1989 Channel Avenue Memphis, TN 38113

Websites

ergonasphalt.com savemyroad.com

Notes





TEXAS



Austin

Treatment	Products
Bond Coat/Tack Coat – Trackless	NT-HRE (eTac)
Tack Coat – Conventional	SS-1, SS-1H
Chip Seal – Conventional	HFRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	HFRS-2P
Cold Mix – Conventional	AES-300
Fog Seal – Conventional	SS-1, SS-1H
Fog Seal – High-Performance	EF-1H (eFog HP)
Prime Coat – Conventional	AE-P

Facility Manager: Facility Telephone: Facility Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Sales Office Address: Brandon White 512-345-0975 8803 North Mopac Expressway Austin, TX 78759

Cody Chambliss 512-618-5313 11612 RM 2244 Building 1, Suite 250 Austin, TX 78738

Websites

ergonasphalt.com savemyroad.com



Corpus Christi

Treatment	Products
Tack Coat – Conventional	SS-1, SS-1H
Spray Paver Application	EBL
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2, HFRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2P, HFRS-2P
Fog Seal – Conventional	SS-1, SS-1H
Prime Coat – Conventional	AE-P

Facility Manager: Facility Telephone: Facility Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Sales Office Address: Michael Magana 361-289-6147 6746 Up River Road Corpus Christi, TX 78409

Ernesto Santillan 361-271-6465 11612 RM 2244 Building 1, Suite 250 Austin, TX 78738

Websites

ergonasphalt.com savemyroad.com



Lubbock

Treatment	Products
Tack Coat – Conventional	CSS-1H
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2P, CMS-2P (eScrub)
Chip Seal – Premium	CHFRS-2P
Rejuvenating Scrub Seal	CMS-2P (eScrub)
Full Depth Reclamation	CSS-1H
Fog Seal – Conventional	CSS-1H
Fog Seal – Rejuvenating	CMS-1P (eFog)
Prime Coat – Conventional	AE-P

Facility Manager: Facility Telephone: Facility Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Sales Office Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Sales Office Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone:

Websites

ergonasphalt.com savemyroad.com Jake Neitsch 806-589-4850 1611 Marshall Street Lubbock, TX 79403

Tracy Cumby 806-549-5133 10506 Hartford Avenue Lubbock, TX 79423

Alvin Alexander 806-983-0490 1611 Marshall Street Lubbock, TX 79403

Jim Hull 214-972-8824



Mount Pleasant

Treatment	Products
Bond Coat/Tack Coat – Trackless	CBC-1H, NT-SRE (eTac)
Tack Coat – Conventional	CSS-1, CMS-2, CSS-1H
Spray Paver Application	EBL
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2, CRS-2H
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2P
Chip Seal – Premium	CHFRS-2P
Cold Mix – Conventional	CSS-1H, CSS-1S, CMS-2S
Cold In-Place Recycling	CSS-1S, CSS-1H
Full Depth Reclamation	CSS-1H, CSS-1S
Fog Seal – Conventional	CSS-1, CMS-2
Prime Coat – Conventional	CSS-1H, CSS-1S, CSS-1

Facility Manager: Facility Telephone: Facility Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Sales Office Address: John Hallford 903-572-9839 209 Robert Nance Road Mount Pleasant, TX 75455

Tom O'Leary 903-722-3541 11612 RM 2244 Building 1, Suite 250 Austin, TX 78738

Websites

ergonasphalt.com savemyroad.com



Pleasanton

Treatment	Products
Bond Coat/Tack Coat – Trackless	CBC-1H, NT-SRE (eTac)
Tack Coat – Conventional	CSS-1H
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2P
Chip Seal – Premium	CHFRS-2P
Rejuvenating Scrub Seal	CMS-2P (eScrub)
Full Depth Reclamation	CSS-1H, EE-1
Fog Seal – Conventional	CSS-1H
Fog Seal – Rejuvenating	CMS-1PF (eFog)
Frictional Mastic	Onyx
Prime Coat – Conventional	AE-P

Facility Manager: Facility Telephone: Facility Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Sales Office Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Sales Office Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Sales Office Address: Mike Haas 830-569-8731 907 Second Street Pleasanton, TX 78064

Cody Chambliss 512-618-5313 11612 RM 2244 Building 1, Suite 250 Austin, TX 78738

Ernesto Santillan 361-271-6465 11612 RM 2244 Building 1, Suite 250 Austin, TX 78738

Bradley Peterson 713-410-8715 11612 RM 2244 Building 1, Suite 250 Austin, TX 78738

Websites

ergonasphalt.com savemyroad.com

Note: Most emulsions can be used for multiple applications. Please contact the Area Sales Manager for more information. If the product you want is not listed as available in your area, please contact the Sales Manager.

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Saginaw

Treatment	Products
Bond Coat/Tack Coat – Trackless	NT-HRE (eTac)
Tack Coat – Conventional	CSS-1H
Spray Paver Application	EBL
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2P
Hot In-Place Recycling	ARA-1
Full Depth Reclamation	CSS-1H
Fog Seal – Conventional	CSS-1H
Fog Seal – High-Performance	EF-1H (eFog HP)
Micro Surfacing – Conventional	CSS-1P
Micro Surfacing – Premium	CSS-1EP (eFlex)
Slurry Seal – Modified	CQS-1HLM
Slurry Seal – Premium	CQS-1ES (eFlex ES)
Prime Coat – Conventional	AE-P

Facility Manager: Facility Telephone: Facility Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Sales Office Address: Nathan Swearingen 817-232-3658 600 Minton Road Saginaw, TX 76179

Patrick Coyle 817-379-9451 10381 Alta Vista Road Suite 137 Fort Worth, TX 76244

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Jim Hull 214-972-8824

Websites

ergonasphalt.com savemyroad.com



Temple

Treatment	Products
Bond Coat/Tack Coat – Trackless	CBC-1H
Tack Coat – Conventional	CSS-1H
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2P
Chip Seal – Premium	CHFRS-2P
Full Depth Reclamation	CSS-1H
Fog Seal – Conventional	CSS-1H
Micro Surfacing – Conventional	CSS-1P
Slurry Seal – Modified	CQS-1HLM
Prime Coat – Conventional	AE-P

Facility Manager: Facility Telephone: Facility Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Sales Office Address: Danny Leal 254-773-8040 4648 Western Way Temple, TX 76504

David Stroud 254-715-3921 4648 Western Way Temple, TX 76504

Websites

ergonasphalt.com savemyroad.com

Notes





WASHINGTON



Pasco

Treatment	Products
Tack Coat – Conventional	CSS-1
Chip Seal – Conventional	HFE-150, HFE-90, CRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2P, CMS-2P (eScrub)
Cold Mix – Conventional	CMS-2S
Fog Seal – Conventional	CSS-1
Fog Seal – Specialty	Quickseal
Prime Coat – Conventional	PEP-C

Facility Manager: Facility Telephone: Facility Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Jeff Kurth 509-545-9864 3152 Selph Landing Road Pasco, WA 99301

Stan Brogdon 509-531-1553

Websites

ergonasphalt.com savemyroad.com



Hillyard (Spokane)

Treatment	Products
Tack Coat – Conventional	CSS-1

Facility Manager: Facility Telephone: Facility Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Scott Blubaugh 509-487-5460 4327 North Thor Street Spokane, WA 99217

Evan Henninger 509-487-4560

Websites

ergonasphalt.com savemyroad.com

Washington Contact Information



Valley (Spokane)

Treatment	Products
Tack Coat – Conventional	CSS-1, CSS-1H
Chip Seal – Conventional	HFE-150, HFE-90, CRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2P, CMS-2P (eScrub)
Chip Seal – Premium	CHFRS-2P, CVRS-2P
Cold In-Place Recycling	CIR-EE
Full Depth Reclamation	FDR-EE
Fog Seal – Specialty	Quickseal
Micro Surfacing – Conventional	MSE
Slurry Seal – Conventional	CQS-1H
Slurry Seal – Modified	CQS-1HP
Prime Coat – Conventional	PEP-C

Facility Manager: Facility Telephone: Facility Address: Steve Barto 509-921-7089 16710 East Euclid Avenue Spokane, WA 99216

Websites

ergonasphalt.com savemyroad.com

Notes





WYOMING

Wyoming Contact Information

Cheyenne

Treatment	Products
Tack Coat – Conventional	CSS-1H, CSS-1
Chip Seal – Conventional	CRS-2
Chip Seal – Modified	CRS-2P, CRS-2VHL
Rejuvenating Scrub Seal	PMRE
Hot In-Place Recycling	ARA-1P
Fog Seal – Conventional	CSS-1H
Fog Seal – Specialty	Quickseal
Micro Surfacing – Conventional	MSE
Micro Surfacing – Premium	CSS-1EP (eFlex)
Slurry Seal – Conventional	CQS-1H
Slurry Seal – Modified	CQS-1HP
Slurry Seal – Premium	CQS-1EP (eFlex ES)
Prime Coat – Solventless	SFE (ePrime)

Facility Manager: Facility Telephone: Facility Address:

Sales Manager: Sales Telephone: Chris Camargo 307-638-2633 4511 South Industrial Road Cheyenne, WY 82007

Sean Pellersels 406-876-4000

Websites

ergonasphalt.com savemyroad.com

Handling Asphalt Emulsions

Do's & Don'ts of Storage & Handling of Asphalt Emulsions

DO

- Set the clearance on pumps for emulsions to prevent binding and to prevent breaking of the emulsion.
- Clear lines, valves and pumps of emulsion.
- Drain pumps and remove plugs during freezing weather. No.1 or No.2 fuel oil may be used to keep pumps free.
- \bullet Warm the pump casings and packing glands to 150°F (65°C) to ease start-up.
- Store emulsions in vertical tanks to prevent excessive skin formation.
- Store emulsions at the temperature specified for the particular grade and application.
- Store emulsion in insulated tanks to protect from freezing and make most efficient use of heat.
- Use large, side-mounted, slow moving propellers, mounted 3 feet from the bottom of the tank, to "roll" the emulsion to prevent skin from forming. Overmixing should be avoided.
- Gently circulate emulsions when heating or after prolonged storage.
- Place inlet and return lines near the bottom of the tank to prevent foaming.
- Pump from the bottom of the tank to minimize contamination from skinning that may have formed.
- Check compatibility of water and emulsion in a flask prior to larger volume use.
- Dilute medium and slow-setting emulsions by adding warm water to the emulsion.
- Provide adequate ventilation.

- Drain tanks to no measurable quantity before adding an emulsion of different type. Emulsions with the same designation may be very different in performance.
- Heat only to reasonable temperatures.
- Haul emulsion in truck transports with baffle plates to prevent sloshing.

DON'T

- Use tight clearance pumps; they may seize.
- Leave emulsion in pumps, valves or lines during freezing weather.
- Hold emulsions in lines and pumps for extended periods.
- Apply severe heat to pump casings or packing glands. The pump may be damaged, and the emulsion may break.
- Allow heating surfaces to exceed 185°F (85°C). This will cause emulsion to break on the heating surface.
- Store emulsions in horizontal tanks.
- Circulate emulsions excessively. Emulsions tend to lose viscosity when pumped. Air may also become entrained and lead to an unstable emulsion. Excessive pumping may also lead to the emulsion breaking.
- Use forced air to agitate emulsions.
- Dilute rapid-setting emulsions with water. Never add emulsion to water.
- Dilute emulsions with non-potable water or cold water.
- Dilute emulsions with fuel oil, diesel fuel or kerosene.
- Put fuel oil, diesel fuel or kerosene on top of a tank of emulsion to prevent skin from forming.
- Pump emulsions into open air or have inlet lines near the top of the tank.
- Place outlet lines in mid tank.
- Subject emulsion or the open air above it to open flame or strong oxidants. Never heat the emulsion over 190°F (88°C).

- Mix emulsions of different chemical types, classes, grades or designations in storage tanks, trailers, transports or distributors. Anionic and cationic emulsions may coagulate when mixed.
- Load emulsion into storage tanks, tank cars, tank transporters or distributors containing remains of an incompatible material.
- Proceed if you have questions.

Asphalt Emulsions Storage

Why are asphalt emulsion storage and handling requirements important?

Asphalt emulsions are a dispersion of fine droplets of asphalt cement in water. Since water is the carrier, medium-specific storage and handling procedures should be followed.

What is the proper storage temperature for storing asphalt emulsions?

Store asphalt emulsion between 50°F (10°C) and 185°F (85°C). Do not permit the asphalt emulsion to be heated above 185°F (85°C). At elevated temperatures, the water will evaporate, changing the characteristics of the asphalt emulsion. The following chart outlines minimum and maximum temperatures for various grades of asphalt emulsion.

What will happen if the asphalt emulsion freezes?

This will break the asphalt emulsion, separating the asphalt from the water. The result will be two layers in the tank, neither of which will be suited for the intended use. Likewise, the tank will be difficult to empty.

Grade	Minimum Temperature °F (°C)	Maximum Temperature °F (°C)
RS-1	70° (20°)	140° (60°)
RS-2, CRS-1, CRS-2, HFRS-2	125° (50°)	185° (85°)
SS-1, SS-1H, CSS-1, CSS-1H, MS-1, HFMS-1	50° (10°)	140° (60°)
CMS-2, CMS-2H, MS-2, MS-2H, HFMS-2H, HFMS-2S	125° (50°)	185° (85°)

What type of storage tank is best suited for storing asphalt emulsions?

Vertical storage tanks are best suited to store emulsions. Vertical tanks expose the least amount of surface area to air, thus reducing the formation of an asphalt skin on the surface of the emulsion. Tanks must also be insulated with a weather-resistant covering to protect the asphalt emulsion from freezing and provide the most efficient use of heat. Additionally, side-entering propeller mixers can be used to gently agitate the asphalt emulsion. This eliminates any skin formation. Side-entry mixer placement must be engineered to the size of the storage tank.

Can a pump be used to mix and circulate a storage tank of asphalt emulsions?

Yes. However, overpumping is to be avoided since some asphalt emulsions are shear sensitive. Overpumping and overmixing can significantly alter the characteristics of the asphalt emulsion. Tanks should be circulated from top to bottom.

Can asphalt emulsions of different classes be mixed together?

Any amount of material remaining within a tank or tanker must be compatible with the added emulsion, and the amount remaining must be insufficient to cause the emulsion to fall out of specification. When asphalt emulsions of different classes are commingled in measurable quantities, the asphalt emulsion will become unstable and break. If in doubt, check with your asphalt emulsion supplier.

led		Asphalt Cement (includes Industrial Asphalt)	Cutback Asphalt and Residual Oils	Cationic Emulsion	Anionic Emulsion	Any Product Not Listed
to be Loaded	Cationic Emulsion			Contact supplier or empty to no measurable quantity	Tank should be cleaned	
Product to	Anionic Emulsion	measi	r to no urable ntity	Tank should be cleaned	Contact supplier or empty to no measurable quantity	Tank must be cleaned
д	Asphalt Cement			Tank must be empty; dangerous condition may result	Tank must be empty; dangerous condition may result	

Last Product in Tank

Asphalt Emulsions & Health

Are there any health or safety precautions that should be exercised when using asphalt emulsions?

Avoid breathing fumes, vapors and/or mist. Obtain a copy of the supplier's Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS). Read the MSDS carefully and follow it. For a copy of an MSDS, please visit the Ergon website at *ergonasphalt.com* and follow the links to the MSDS page.

Sampling

Goal: Obtain samples that are truly representative of material, that are not contaminated, and that will resist deterioration during shipping and/or storage. Above all, sampling should be done in a manner safe for the employee. More information can be found in AASHTO T40 or ASTM D140, Standard Practice for Sampling Bituminous Materials.

- Before sampling, the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) from the supplier should be carefully read and followed.
- Care should be taken to avoid breathing fumes, mists and/or vapors.
- To protect skin, gloves should be worn and long sleeves fastened over the gloves at the wrist.
- Face shields should be worn to protect against splashed material and any fumes.
- There shall be no smoking while sampling asphalt or emulsions.
- Sample containers must be new, clean and dry, and not be rinsed, washed or cleaned. Plastic gallon jugs are preferred for emulsions. Any containers that are not clean and dry should be discarded.
- The lid should fit tightly and properly on the sample container.
- Care should be taken to prevent any possible contamination.
- The sample container should not be submerged in solvent nor wiped with a cloth or rag containing solvent. If there is any material on the outside of the container, it should be wiped with a clean, dry cloth immediately after the container is sealed and removed from the sampling device.
- During sealing and wiping, the container should be on a firm, level surface to prevent splashing, dropping or spilling.

- The sample must not be transferred to another container.
- The filled container should be tightly and positively sealed immediately after the sample is taken.
- The sample should be properly marked for identification with a permanent marker on the container itself, not the lid.
- The sample should be identified with the following at a minimum:
 - Shipper's name and bill of lading or loading
 - Slip number
 - Date sampled
 - Sampler's name
 - Sample location (place sample taken)
 - Product grade
 - Project identification
 - Other information as necessary
- Emulsion samples should be packaged, labeled and protected from freezing during shipment. They should also be shipped to the laboratory the same day they are taken. To protect from shipping damage, the containers should be tightly sealed and carefully packed in protective material.

Conversion Charts

Pressure	atm	inches of water	cm of Hg	N/m^2	lb/in² (psi)
1 atmosphere	1	4.068×10^{2}	7.6×10^{1}	1.013×10^{5}	1.470×10^{1}
1 inch of water	2.458×10^{-3}	1	0.1868	2.491×10^{2}	3.613×10^{-2}
1 cm of water	1.316×10^{-2}	5.353	1	1.333×10^{3}	0.1934
$1 newton/m^2$	9.869 x10 ⁻⁶	4.105×10^{-3}	7.501×10^{-4}	1	1.450 x10 ⁻⁴
1 lb/in²	6.805×10^{-2}	2.768 ×10¹	5.171	6.895×10^{3}	1
	2.4271	275/11 275	11 /: 3	13	7

g/cm³	0.5154	1.602×10^{-2}	2.768×10^{1}	1×10^{-3}	T
kg/m^{3}	5.154×10^{2}	1.602×10^{1}	2.768×10^{4}	T	1×10^{3}
lbm/in³	1.862×10^{-2}	5.787×10^{-4}	1	3.613 x10 ⁻⁵	3.613×10^{-3}
lbm/ft ³	3.217×10^{1}	1	1.728×10^{3}	6.243×10^{-2}	6.243×10^{1}
slug/ft³	1	3.108×10^{-2}	5.371×10^{1}	1.940 x10 ⁻³	1.940
Density	1 slug per ft ³	1 pound - mass per ft^3	1 pound - mass per inch ³	1 kilogram per meter ³	1 gram per centimeter ³

Conversion Charts

Speed	ft/sec	km/hr	m/sec	mi/hr	knot
1 foot per second	1	1.097	0.348	0.6818	0.5925
1 kilometer per hour	0.9113	1	0.2778	0.6214	0.5400
1 meter per second	3.281	3.6	1	2.237	1.944
1 mile per hour	1.467	1.609	0.4470	1	0.8689
1 knot	1.688	1.852	0.5144	1.151	1

Length	meter	kilometer	inch	feet	miles
1 meter	1	1×10^{-3}	39.37	3.281	6.214 x 10 ⁻⁴
1 kilometer	1000	1	3.937×10^4	3281	0.6214
1 inch	0.0254	2.54×10^{-5}	1	0.0833	1.578×10^{-5}
1 foot	0.3048	3.048×10^{-4}	12	1	1.894×10^{-4}
1 mile	1609	1.609	6.336×10^4	5280	1

Conversion Charts

Area	m²	cm²	ft²	inch ²
1 square meter	1	1.0 × 10⁴	10.76	1550
1 square centimeter	1.0 x 10 ⁻⁴	1	1.076×10^{-3}	0.1550
1 square foot	9.290 x 10 ⁻²	929	1	144
1 square inch	6.452 x 10 ⁻⁴	6.452	6.944 x 10 ⁻³	1

Volume	m³	cm ³	ft ³	inch ³
1 cubic meter	1	1.0×10^6	35.31	6.102×10^{4}
1 cubic centimeter	1×10^{-6}	1	3.531×10^{-5}	0.06102
1 cubic foot	2.832 x 10 ⁻²	28.320	1	1728
1 cubic inch	1.639×10^{-5}	16.39	5.787 x 10 ⁻⁴	1

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Mass	gram	kilogram	pound-mass (lbm)	slug	ton-mass
1 gram	1	1.0×10^{-3}	2.205×10^{-3}	6.852×10^{-5}	1.102×10^{-6}
1 kilogram	1×10^{3}	1	2.205	6.852×10^{-2}	1.102×10^{-3}
1 pound-mass	4.536×10^{2}	0.4536	1	3.108×10^{-2}	5.0×10^{-4}
1 slug	1.459×10^4	1.459×10^{1}	3.217×10^{1}	1	1.609×10^{-2}
1 ton-mass	9.072 x 10⁵	9.07×10^{2}	2.0×10^{3}	6.216×10^{1}	1

pdf		2002	7.233	32.17	1
ql	2.248×10^{-5}	2.205	0.2248	1	3.108×10^{-2}
N	1.0×10^{-5}	9.807	1	4.448	0.1383
kgf	1.020×10^{-6}	1	0.1020	0.4536	1.410×10^{-2}
dyne	1	9.807×10^{5}	1.0×10^{5}	4.448 x 10 ⁵	1.383×10^{4}
Force	1 dyne	1 kilogram force	1 newton	1 pound	1 poundal

Conversion Charts

	Fahrenheit	Celsius	Fahrenheit	Celsius	
	20.00	-6.67	140.00	60.00	
	25.00	-3.89	145.00	62.78	
	30.00	-1.11	150.00	65.56	
Freezing Temp.	32.00	0.00	155.00	68.34	1
	35.00	1.67	160.00	71.12	
	40.00	4.44	165.00	73.89	
	45.00	7.22	170.00	76.67	
	50.00	10.00	175.00	79.45	
	55.00	12.78	180.00	82.23	
	60.00	15.56	185.00	85.01	
	65.00	18.33	190.00	87.78	
	70.00	21.11	195.00	90.56	
	75.00	23.89	200.00	93.34	
	80.00	26.67	205.00	96.12	
	85.00	29.45	210.00	98.90	
	90.00	32.22	212.00	100.00	Boiling Temp.
	95.00	35.00			
	100.00	37.78		ersion formula ture Celsius, an	
	105.00	40.56	*	ure Fahrenheit.	
	110.00	43.34	Fahrenheit to	Coloina	
	115.00	46.11	Tc = $(5/9) \cdot (Tf - 3)$		
	120.00	48.89	Celsius to Fał	vonhoit	
	125.00	51.67	Tf = $((9/5) \cdot Tc)$ +		
	130.00	54.45			
	135.00	57.23			

Product Descriptions

Treatment	Description	
oat/ oat – ss	A trackless bond or tack coat is an application of emulsion or asphalt binder with trackless properties that is sprayed onto the roadway surface immediately prior to a paving operation. The trackless properties ensure the bonding material stays where it is needed, resisting being picked up by tires, paving equipment and	
	haul trucks and tracked across the job site. Adjacent structures and striping are protected for tracking associated with conventional materials.	
- 1al	A tack or bond coat is an application of emulsion or asphalt binder that is sprayed onto the roadway surface immediately prior to a paving operation. The adhesion of multiple lifts of pavement provides for maximum structural coefficient and	
	ensures the safety and longevity of the pavement structure.	
r	A paving technique whereby the tack or bond coat material is applied through the paving equipment in a continuous operation. Contact your local salesperson for information on availability in your area.	
cation		

Scrub Seal

of 6 - 7 years.

density, top-down cracking as a wearing

course or interlayer. Provides life extension

Cold Mix – Conventional	Mixture of cutback asphalt or asphalt emulsion and aggregate, combined through a pugmill or asphalt plant and typically stored in a stockpile for use as temporary patching.
Cold Mix – Premium	Laboratory designed mixture of an engineered asphalt or asphalt emulsion binder combined through an asphalt plant or pugmill that is capable of being stored in a stockpile for use as a durable repair of potholes, leveling and cold paving.
Cold In-Place Recycling	Rehabilitation technique. Mills and recycles asphalt mixtures to depths in the range of 3/4 - 2 inches. Used to correct all pavement distresses within the recycled depth and prevent or delay reflective cracking from deeper in the structure.
Hot In-Place Recycling	In-situ preservation and maintenance technique. Recycles and rejuvenates asphalt mixtures in the range of 3/4 to 2 inches deep. Used to correct cracking, surface profile flaws, raveling and oxidation.
Full Depth Reclamation	FDR is a complete rehabilitation technique addressing all major distresses throughout the pavement structure and into the base. All roadway materials are combined in-situ and compacted to form an improved base. This is followed by the appropriate wearing course of asphalt installed to provide the required structural coefficient.

Fog Seal – Conventional	A preservation technique that involves spraying a diluted asphalt emulsion onto an asphalt surface. Used to enhance aggregate retention and seal hairline cracks. Life extensions of 2 - 4 years are typical.				
Fog Seal – High- Performance	A light application of emulsion sprayed on the roadway surface, providing a quick return-to-traffic time and improved aggregate retention with trackless properties. Typical uses are over new chip seals, rejuvenating scrub seals and existing pavement surfaces – resulting in increased service life of 2 - 4 years.				
Fog Seal – Rejuvenating	A preservation technique that involves spray applying a light application of a polymer modified asphalt emulsion containing a rejuvenator. Typically used to seal cracks 1/8 inch and smaller and to return original properties to the upper portion of an asphalt mixture. Life extensions of 2 - 4 years can be achieved.				
Fog Seal – Specialty	A fog seal treatment exhibiting a unique property such as a relatively quick return to traffic, a trackless cure or a polymer modified binder.				
Frictional Mastic	Spray-applied surface treatment/sealer designed for city streets, residential roads and highway shoulders. Corrects distresses such as raveling and oxidation. Delivers 2 - 4 years of life extension.				

Micro Surfacing – Conventional	Surface treatment/wearing course with standard 3% polymer modification of the asphalt base. Addresses loss of friction, oxidation rutting and minor reprofiling. Can be used on all roadway types and all traffic levels, providing 6 - 8 years of life extension.
Micro Surfacing – Premium	Surface treatment/wearing course with minimum 6% polymer modification of the asphalt base. Developed for use on all roadway classifications. Uses include rut filling and leveling. It also provides durable friction while resisting damage from snowplows. Typical life extension of 8 - 10 years.
Slurry Seal – Conventional	Wearing course with no modification to the binder. Used for county roads and city/ residential streets, providing 5 - 7 years of life extension.
Slurry Seal – Modified	Wearing course follows conventional slurry seal design and application techniques with added polymer modification of the asphalt base, typically around 1.5%. Addresses loss of friction, raveling and oxidation with a life extension of 4 - 6 years.
Slurry Seal – Premium	Surface treatment/wearing course with minimum 6% polymer modification of the asphalt base and upgraded performance mixture design over the conventional version. Developed for use in city environments where heavy turning and street-side parking are prevalent, as well as in frequent snowplow zones. Protects against vehicular damage early in the curing process and increases durability, providing life extension of 6 - 8 years.

Prime Coat – Conventional	An application of emulsion or asphalt binder to a soil base in preparation for the wearing course. Typical use is prior to a chip seal or hot mixed asphalt application; the prime provides protection of the soil against rainfall in staged construction and serves as a bond promoter for the eventual surface. Prime coats are also used as a curing seal for cement-treated bases.
Prime Coat – Solventless	An ecologically friendly emulsion containing no petroleum solvents, providing a rapid cure that facilitates same- day paving.

Application: Blade Mixing

Recommended Emulsion(s): See product application chart for your location.

Recommended Application Rate: Contingent upon mix design.

Description: Blade mixing is a process of mixing emulsion and aggregate in the windrow using a motorgrader and/or cross shaft mixer. The motorgrader and/or cross shaft mixer blends the material together by a series of turning and tumbling actions. When using a motorgrader, the moldboard must be adjusted to give a rolling action as the blade moves through the windrow. After mixing is completed, the windrow should be moved to the side of the road in preparation for spreading.

Note: A mix design must be completed before attempting blade mixing to determine the emulsion required.

10,800 13,200 16,200 19,800		+	5,400 6,600 7,	18' Wide 22' Wide 26' Wide	18,000 27,000 36,000 45,000
21,600 26,400 27,000 33,000	16,200 21,600 27,000	16,200 21,600 27,000	10,800 13,200 16,200 19,800 21,600 26,400 27,000 33,000	5,400 10,800 16,200 21,600 27,000	54,000
	16,200 21,600 27,000 32,400	16,200 16,200 21,600 27,000 32,400	10,800 13,200 16,200 19,800 21,600 26,400 21,600 33,000 32,400 33,600	5,400 6,600 10,800 13,200 16,200 19,800 21,600 26,400 21,600 35,000 32,400 39,600	17,600

Square Yards per Mile

Gallons Required per Mile

Blade Mixing

Ergon Field Guide to Emulsions 134

Application: 3/8" Chip Seal

Recommended Emulsion(s): See product application chart for your location.

Recommended Application Rate: .36 to .50 gallons per square yard, depending on surface conditions.

Description: A single or multiple application of emulsion to a road surface, immediately followed by a single or multiple layer of aggregate of as uniform size as practical. The thickness of the chip seal is about the same as the nominal maximum size aggregate. A single chip is used as a wearing and waterproofing course, while a double chip seal provides a denser wearing and waterproofing course.

These rates may vary based on several items, including geography, climate, traffic amount, weather during application, roadway condition, etc. Please contact your local Ergon Asphalt & Emulsions representative for more information.

	30' Wide	6,336	6,512	6,688	6,864	7,040	17,600	228	246
	26' Wide	5,491	5,643	5,796	5,948	6,101	15,253	198	214
	22' Wide	4,646	4,775	4,904	5,033	5,162	12,907	168	181
eal	18' Wide	3,801	3,907	4,012	4,118	4,224	10,560	137	148
3/8" Chip Seal	14' Wide	2,956	3,038	3,120	3,203	3,285	8,213	107	115
3/8	12' Wide	2,534	2,604	2,675	2,745	2,816	7,040	91.5	66
	10' Wide	2,111	2,170	2,229	2,287	2,346	5,867	76	82
	8' Wide	1,689	1,736	1,783	1,830	1,877	4,693	61	66
	SHOT RATE	.36	.38	.40	.42	.44		26 Lbs. per Square Yard	28 Lbs. per Square Yard

Gallons Required per Mile

Square Yards per Mile

Tons of Chips per Mile

Ergon Field Guide to Emulsions 135

Application: 5/8" Chip Seal

Recommended Emulsion(s): See product application chart for your location.

Recommended Application Rate: .40 to .60 gallons per square yard, depending on surface conditions.

Description: A single or multiple application of emulsion to a road surface, immediately followed by a single or multiple layer of aggregate of as uniform size as practical. The thickness of the chip seal is about the same as the nominal maximum size aggregate. A single chip is used as a wearing and waterproofing course, while a double chip seal provides a denser wearing and waterproofing course.

These rates may vary based on several items, including geography, climate, traffic amount, weather during application, roadway condition, etc. Please contact your local Ergon Asphalt & Emulsions representative for more information.

			5/8	5/8" Chip Seal	eal			
SHOT RATE	8' Wide	10' Wide	12' Wide	14' Wide	18' Wide	22' Wide	26' Wide	30' Wide
.40	1,877	2,346	2,816	2,285	4,224	5,162	6,101	7,040
.44	1,924	2,405	2,886	3,367	4,329	5,291	6,253	7,215
.48	1,971	2,463	2,956	3,449	4,435	5,420	6,406	7,392
.52	2,018	2,522	3,027	3,531	4,540	5,549	6,558	7,568
.54	2,064	2,581	3,097	3,613	4,646	5,678	6,711	7,744
.60	2,111	2,639	3,168	3,695	4,752	5,807	6,863	7,920
	4,693	5,867	7,040	8,213	10,560	12,907	15,253	17,600
26 Lbs. per Square Yard	61	76	91.5	107	137	168	198	228
28 Lbs. per Square Yard	66	82	66	115	148	181	214	246

Tons of Chips per Mile

Square Yards per Mile

Gallons Required per Mile

Application: Dust Control

Recommended Emulsion(s): See product application chart for your location.

Recommended Application Rate: .10-.50 gallons per square yard, depending upon surface conditions.

Description: The use of emulsions offers a practical and feasible solution to dust control. A diluted emulsion is sprayed directly on the unpaved surface. The material is applied with a distributor, using usual spray application techniques.

30' Wide	1,760	3,520	5,280	7,040	8,800	17,600
26' Wide	1,525	3,050	3,576	6,101	7,626	15,253
22' Wide	1,240	2,481	3,721	4,962	6,203	12,907
18' Wide	1,056	2,112	3,168	4,224	5,280	10,560
14' Wide	821	1,642	2,464	3,285	4,106	8,213
12' Wide	704	1,408	2,112	2,816	3,520	7,040
10' Wide	586	1,173	1,760	2,346	2,933	5,867
8' Wide	469	938	1,408	1,877	2,346	4,693
SHOT RATE	.10	.20	.30	.40	.50	

Square Yards per Mile

Gallons Required per Mile

Dust Control

Ergon Field Guide to Emulsions 139

Application: Fog Seal

Recommended Emulsion(s): See product application chart for your location.

Recommended Application Rate: .10-.20 gallons per square yard, depending on surface conditions.

Description: A fog seal is a light application of slow-setting emulsion diluted with water. It is used to renew old asphalt surfaces, seal small cracks and surface voids, and to inhibit raveling.

Fog Seal

SHOT RATE	8' Wide	10' Wide	12' Wide	14' Wide	18' Wide	20' Wide	26' Wide	30' Wide
.10	469	985	704	801	1,056	1,173	1,525	1,760
.15	704	880	1,161	1,232	1,584	1,760	2,287	2,640
.20	1,079	1,173	1,408	1,642	2,112	2,346	3,050	3,520
	4,693	5,867	7,040	8,213	10,560	11,733	15,253	17,600

Gallons Required per Mile

Square Yards per Mile

Application: Prime Coat

Recommended Emulsion(s): See product application chart for your location.

Recommended Application Rate: .10-.30 gallons per square yard, depending upon surface conditions.

Description: A prime coat is an application of lowviscosity emulsion to a granular base in preparation for a chip seal or asphalt surface course. The prime coat is designed to coat and bond loose particles on the base, harden the surface, waterproof the base, plug voids, and provide adhesion between the base and the next course.

SHOT RATE	8' Wide	10' Wide	12' Wide	14' Wide	18' Wide	22' Wide	26' Wide	30' Wide
10	469	586	704	821	1,056	1,240	1,525	1,760
.15	704	880	1,056	1,232	1,584	1,861	2,288	2,640
.20	938	1,349	1,408	1,642	2,112	2,481	3,050	4,048
.25	1,173	1,466	1,760	2,053	2,640	3,101	3, 813	4,400
.30	1,408	1,759	2,112	2,464	3,168	3,721	4,576	5,280
	4,693	5,867	7,040	8,213	10,560	12,407	15,253	17,600

Square Yards per Mile

Gallons Required per Mile

Prime Coat

Application: Tack Coat

Recommended Emulsion(s): See product application chart for your location.

Recommended Application Rate: .05-.20 gallons per square yard, depending upon surface conditions.

Description: A tack coat is a very light application used to ensure a bond between a surface being paved and the new course.

10' Wide 12' Wide 14' Wide 18' Wide		18' Wide	22' Wide	26' Wide	30' Wide
293 352 410 528	-	528	620	762	880
586 704 821 1,056		1,056	1,240	1,525	1,760
880 1,056 1,232 1,584		1,584	1,861	2,288	2,640
1,173 1,408 1,642 2,112		2,112	2,481	3,050	3,520
5,867 7,040 8,213 10,560		10,560	12,407	15, 253	17,600

Square Yards per Mile

Gallons Required per Mile

Tack Coat

Key Websites

American Association of State Highway Transportation Officials – AASHTO transportation.org

American Public Works Association – APWA apwa.net

American Road & Transportation Builders Association – ARTBA artba.org

American Society for Civil Engineers – ASCE asce.org

American Society for Testing and Materials – ASTM astm.org

Asphalt Emulsion Manufacturers Association – AEMA aema.org

Asphalt Institute – AI asphaltinstitute.org

Asphalt Recycling & Reclaiming Association – ARRA arra.org

Associated General Contractors – AGC agc.org

Canadian Technical Asphalt Association – CTAA ctaa.ca

Federal Highway Administration – FHWA highways.dot.gov

FHWA Construction & Maintenance – FHWA fhwa.dot.gov/construction

FHWA Pavement Technology – FHWA fhwa.dot.gov/pavement

Foundation for Pavement Preservation – FP2 fp2.org

International Slurry Surfacing Association – ISSA slurry.org

International Road Federation – IRF irf.global

National Asphalt Pavement Association – NAPA asphaltpavement.org

National Association of County Engineers – NACE county engineers.org

National Center for Pavement Preservation – NCPP pavementpreservation.org

National Transportation Library – NTL bts.gov

Research in Progress – RIP rip.trb.org

The Asphalt Contractor Online asphalt.com

The Recycled Materials Resource Center – RMRC rmrc.wisc.edu

The Road Emulsion Association Ltd rea.org.uk

The Road Information Program – TRIP tripnet.org

Transportation Research Board – TRB nationalacademies.org/trb

Transportation Research Information Service – TRIS

trb.org/InformationServices/InformationServices.

Ergon, Inc. ergon.com

Ergon Asphalt & Emulsions, Inc. ergonasphalt.com

Pavement Preservation savemyroad.com

Pavement Preservation & Recycling Alliance roadresource.org

Notes

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